Candidate Number



General Certificate of Education Advanced Subsidiary Examination

Question

Mark

Examiner's Initials

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Mathematics

Unit Decision 1

June 2013

Friday 24 May 2013 9.00 am to 10.30 am

 For this paper you must have:
 the blue AQA booklet of formulae and statistical tables. You may use a graphics calculator.

Time allowed

1 hour 30 minutes

Instructions

- Use black ink or black ball-point pen. Pencil should only be used for
- Fill in the boxes at the top of this page.
- Answer all questions.
- Write the question part reference (eg (a), (b)(i) etc) in the left-hand
- You must answer each question in the space provided for that question. If you require extra space, use an AQA supplementary answer book; do **not** use the space provided for a different question. Do not write outside the box around each page.
- Show all necessary working; otherwise marks for method may be lost. Do all rough work in this book. Cross through any work that you do
- not want to be marked.
- The final answer to questions requiring the use of calculators should be given to three significant figures, unless stated otherwise.

Information

- The marks for questions are shown in brackets. The maximum mark for this paper is 75.

You do not necessarily need to use all the space provided



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For Examiner's Uso

Answer all questions.

Answer each question in the space provided for that question.

undertake. Six people, Andy, Bob, Colin, Dev. Eric and Faisal, are to be allocated to six tasks, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 and 6. The following table shows the tasks that each person is able to

Faisal	Eric	Dev	Colin	Bob	Andy	Per
ተነ	۱۳,	Ð	C	2	Þ	Person
1,3	2, 5, 6	4, 5, 6	2,3	1, 4	1, 3	Lask
		3				

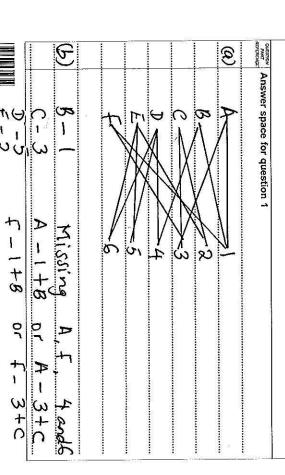
Represent this information on a bipartite graph

(a)

(2 marks)

9 Initially, Bob is allocated to task 1, Colin to task 3, Dev to task 5 and Eric to task 2.

each person can be allocated to a different task Demonstrate, by using an alternating path algorithm from this initial matching, how and nerrow can be allocated to a different task.



f-3+C-2+E-6 A-1+B-4 P61146/Jun13/MD01

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Answer space for question 1

B

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2 (a)

For the first pass, write down the number of comparisons. (1 mark)

(4 marks)

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Use the quicksort algorithm to rearrange the following numbers into ascending order, showing the new arrangement after each pass. You must indicate the pivot(s) being used on each pass. 2 12, 17, 18, Ņ ᅜ

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Œ	(I)	& -	5	G	
(B)	\	13	- - 3	13	

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match

A1, B4, C2, D1, EC, I3

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Answer space for question 2

25 3.2 5.2 3.9 4.1 5.6 23 5.4 4.7 र्व 5.0 3.6 3.4

- (a) (i) Use Kruskal's algorithm, showing the order in which you select the edges, to find a minimum spanning tree for the network.
- (ii) Find the length of your minimum spanning tree.
- (iii) Draw your minimum spanning tree.

(7 marks)

- 9 Prim's algorithm from different starting points produces the same minimum spanning tree. State the final edge that would be added to complete the minimum spanning tree if the starting point were:
- 3 A
- 3 <u>.</u> F

(2 marks)

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	3.2		******
AC 3.1	3,1	A	•
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£G 2:3	2:3		<u> </u>
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The following network shows the lengths, in miles, of roads connecting ten villages, A, B, C, \dots, J .

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Sarah is a mobile hairdresser based at A. Her day's appointments are at five places: B, C, D, E and F. She can arrange the appointments in any order. She intends to travel from one place to the next until she has visited all of the places, starting and finishing at A. The following table shows the times, in minutes, that it takes to travel between the six places.

A	B	С	Ø	E	Į,
Ī	15	11	14	27	12
15	1 .	13	19	24	15
11	13	J	10	19	12
14	61	10	Î,	26	15
27	24	19	26	I	27
12	15	12	15	27	ĩ
	- 15 11 14 27	- 15 11 14 27 15 - 13 19 24	- 15 11 14 27 15 - 13 19 24 11 13 - 10 19	- 15 11 14 27 15 - 13 19 24 11 13 - 10 19 14 19 10 - 26	- 15 11 14 27 15 - 13 19 24 11 13 - 10 19 14 19 10 - 26 27 24 19 26 -

Sarah decides to visit the places in the order ABCDEFA. Find the travelling time of this tour.

(I mark)

<u>(2</u>)

- 9 Explain why this answer can be considered as being an upper bound for the minimum travelling time of Sarah's tour. (2 marks)
- <u>@</u> Use the nearest neighbour algorithm, starting from A, to find another upper bound for the minimum travelling time of Sarah's tour. (4 marks)
- <u>a</u> By deleting A, find a lower bound for the minimum travelling time of Sarah's tour.

 (4 marks)
- <u>e</u> Sarah thinks that she can reduce her travelling time to 75 minutes. Explain why she

()			ဨ	PART
A - C - D - + - D - E - H	_	: :	ABCDEFA	OKERTON Answer space for question 4

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Answer space for question 4

(d)

Con f AC II

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AF IR

Edgen BC, CD, CE, CF

Edgen BC, CD, CE, CF

(f) The minimum tour is greater than of regual 77

(f) The minimum tour is greater than of regual 77

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	Answer space for question 4

	C h	
On a northeribar day, there are three police care in the area of $d \in F$ and f . There is an	The network on the page opposite shows the times, in minutes, taken by police cars to drive along roads connecting 12 places, A,B,\ldots,L .	12

On a particular day, there are three police cans in the emergency at G and all three police cans drive to G. Inere is an

(a) (i) Use Dijkstra's algorithm on the network, starting from G, to find the minimum driving time for each of the police cars to arrive at G. (7 marks) (ii) For each of the police cars, write down the route corresponding to the minimum driving time in your answer to part (a)(f).(3 marks)

Each day, a police car has to drive along each road at least once, starting and finishing at \mathcal{A} .

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For an optimal Chinese postman route:

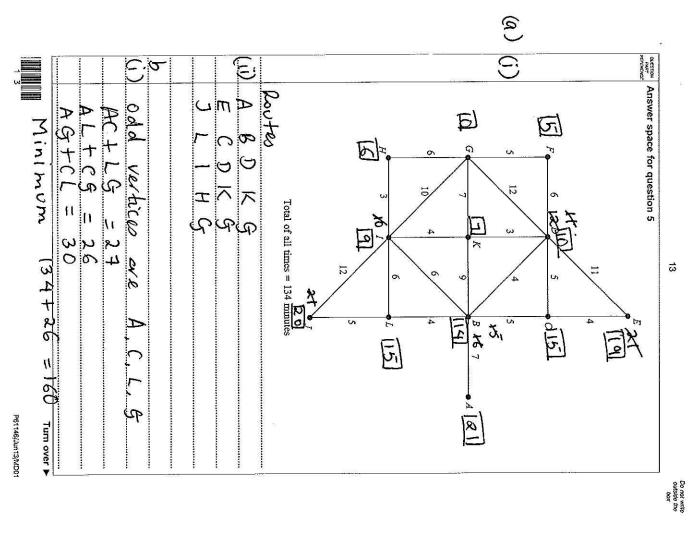
find the driving time for the police car;

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(ii) state the number of times that the vertex B would appear.

(1 mark) (6 marks)





II) 4 Timer.

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Answer space for question 5

								E	r)	8	REPERENCE ANS	9	9	9	(a)								7426			თ
P7. 5					2				36	P	Answer space for question 6	State the purpo	A = 11 and B = 7.	A = 36 and $B = 16$;	Trace the algo-	Line 100	Line 90	Line 80	Line 70	Line 60	Line 50	Line 40	Line 30	Line 20	Line 10	A student is tra of any number
5+ 4	0	16	A.	4		4	32	2	6	B C D E	question 6	State the purpose of the algorithm.	=7.	= 16;	Trace the algorithm when the input values are:	Stop	Print B	Go to Line 20	Let $B = E$	Let $A = B$	If $E = 0$ then go to Line 90	Let $E = A - D$	Let $D = B \times C$	Let $C = \text{INT}(A \div B)$	Input A, B	A student is tracing the following algorithm. The function INT gives the integer part of any number, eg $INT(2.3) = 2$ and $INT(6.7) = 6$.
									***************************************		Company of the second s	(1 mark)	(5 marks)	(3 marks)					6.60 miles						i volume	gives the integer part



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30 Answer space for question 6 | P 1. 2 4 W 4 41 W 4 55 0 6 47 ω 1. W m ω Turn over ▶

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Answer space for question 6

4 Paul is a florist. Every day, he makes three types of floral bouquet: gold, silver and

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Each gold bouquet has 6 roses, 6 camations and 6 dahlias.

Each silver bouquet has 4 roses, 6 carnations and 4 dahlias.

6c+4y+32 > 120 6c+6y+42 > 180

Each bronze bouquet has 3 roses, 4 carnations and 4 dahlias. 6 oct 4: y + 4= \$720

Each day, Paul must use at least 420 roses and at least 480 carnations, but he can use at most 720 dahlias.

Each day, Paul makes x gold bouquets, y silver bouquets and z bronze bouquets.

- <u>(2</u>) In addition to $x \ge 0$, $y \ge 0$ and $z \ge 0$, find three inequalities in x, y and z that model the above constraints.
- Ē On a particular day, Paul makes the same number of silver bouquets as bronze ک (ا

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Show that x and y must satisfy the following inequalities.

$$6x + 7y \geqslant 420$$

$$3x + 5y \ge 240$$

$$3x + 4y \le 360$$

(2 marks)

 Ξ Paul makes a profit of £4 on each gold bouquet sold, a profit of £2.50 on each silver bouquet sold and a profit of £2.50 on each bronze bouquet sold. Each day, Paul sells all the bouquets he makes. Paul wishes to maximise his daily profit, £P.

Draw a suitable diagram, on the grid opposite, to enable this problem to be solved graphically, indicating the feasible region and the direction of the objective line. (6 marks)

- (iii) Use your diagram to find Paul's maximum daily profit and the number of each type of bouquet he must make to achieve this maximum. (2 marks)
- On another day, Paul again makes the same number of silver bouquets as bronze bouquets, but he makes a profit of £2 on each gold bouquet sold, a profit of £6 on each silver bouquet sold and a profit of £6 on each bronze bouquet sold.

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make to achieve this maximum. Find Paul's maximum daily profit, and the number of each type of bouquet he must make to achieve this maximum. (3 marks)



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